



सत्यमेव जयते

केंद्रीय कर आयुक्त (अपील)

O/O THE COMMISSIONER (APPEALS), CENTRAL TAX,

वस्तु एवं सेवा

GST Building, 7th Floor,,

Near Polytechnic,

Ambavadi, Ahmedabad-

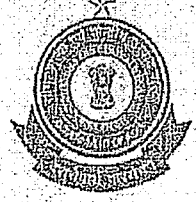
380015

सातवीं मंजिल, पोलिटेकनिक के पास,

आम्बावाडी, अहमदाबाद-380015

☎ : 079-26305065

टेलीफैक्स : 079-26305136



7652 707657

क फाइल संख्या : File No : V2/80/GNR/2018-19

ख अपील आदेश संख्या : Order-In-Appeal No.: AHM-EXCUS-003-APP-117-18-19

दिनांक Date : 16-10-2018 जारी करने की तारीख Date of Issue: 16/10/2018

श्री उमाशंकर आयुक्त (अपील) द्वारा पारित

Passed by Shri Uma Shanker Commissioner (Appeals) Ahmedabad

ग अपर आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, अहमदाबाद-III आयुक्तालय द्वारा जारी मूल आदेश : 29/JC//KS/2010 दिनांक : 28-09-2010 से सृजित

Arising out of Order-in-Original: 29/JC//KS/2010, Date: 28-09-2010 Issued by: Joint Commisisoner, CGST, Div:RRA, HQ, Gandhinagar Commissionerate, Ahmedabad.

घ अपीलकर्ता एवं प्रतिवादी का नाम एवं पता

Name & Address of the Appellant & Respondent

M/s. Gujarat Apollo Ind Ltd

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथास्थिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील या पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-In-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way :

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन :

Revision application to Government of India :

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अंतर्गत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप-धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अवर सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली : 110001 को की जानी चाहिए।

(i) A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid :

(ii) यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानि कारखाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार में हो माल की प्रकिया के दौरान हुई हो।

(ii) In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.

(ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपरोक्त शुल्क कच्चे माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलों में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित है।

(b) In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.



- (ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।
- (c) In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

ध अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो ड्यूटी क्रेडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं.2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

(d) Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए-8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनांक से तीन मारा के भीतर मूल-आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो-दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ खाता इ. का मुख्यशीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35-इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के सबूत के साथ टीआर-6 चालान की प्रती भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(2) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रुपये या उससे कम हो तो रुपये 200/- फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील:-
Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35- षोबी / 35-इ के अंतर्गत:-

Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-

उक्तलिखित परिच्छेद 2 (1) क में बताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलो के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में ओ-20, न्यू मैन्टल हास्पिटल कम्पाउण्ड, मेघानी नगर, अहमदाबाद-380016.

To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at O-20, New Metal Hospital Compound, Meghani Nagar, Ahmedabad : 380 016. in case of appeals other than as mentioned in para-2(i) (a) above.

(2) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 की धारा 6 के अंतर्गत प्रपत्र इए-3 में निर्धारित किए अनुसार अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरणों की गई अपील के विरुद्ध अपील किए गए आदेश की चार प्रतियाँ सहित जहाँ उत्पाद शुल्क की मांग, ब्याज की मांग और लगाया गया जुर्माना रूपए 5 लाख या उससे कम है वहां रूपए 1000/- फीस भेजनी होगी। जहाँ उत्पाद शुल्क की मांग, ब्याज की मांग और लगाया गया जुर्माना रूपए 5 लाख या 50 लाख तक हो तो रूपए 5000/- फीस भेजनी होगी। जहाँ उत्पाद शुल्क की मांग, ब्याज की मांग और लगाया गया जुर्माना रूपए 50 लाख या उससे ज्यादा है वहां रूपए 10000/- फीस भेजनी होगी। की फीस सहायक रजिस्टार के नाम से रेखांकित बैंक ड्राफ्ट के रूप में संबंध की जाये। यह ड्राफ्ट उस स्थान के किसी नामित सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के बैंक की शाखा का हो

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/ where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registrar of a branch of any



nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated

(3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल आदेश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढ़ी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता है।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellate Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

(4) न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 यथा संशोधित की अनुसूची-1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूल आदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रति पर ₹.6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall bear a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

(5) इन और संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention is invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

(6) सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय प्राधिकरण (सीस्टेट) के प्रति अपीलों के मामलों में केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम, 1988 की धारा 39फ के अंतर्गत वित्तीय(संख्या-2) अधिनियम 2014(2014 की संख्या 29) दिनांक: 06.08.2014 जो की वित्तीय अधिनियम, 1998 की धारा 73 के अंतर्गत सेवाकर को भी लागू की गई है, द्वारा निश्चित की गई पूर्व-राशि जमा करना अनिवार्य है, बशर्त कि इस धारा के अंतर्गत जमा की जाने वाली अपेक्षित देय राशि दस करोड़ रूपए से अधिक न हो

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर के अंतर्गत "माँग किए गए शुल्क" में निम्न शामिल हैं

- (i) धारा 11 डी के अंतर्गत निर्धारित रकम
- (ii) सेनवैट जमा की ली गई गलत राशि
- (iii) सेनवैट जमा नियमावली के नियम 6 के अंतर्गत देय रकम

→ आगे बशर्त यह कि इस धारा के प्रावधान वित्तीय (सं. 2) अधिनियम, 2014 के आरम्भ से पूर्व किसी अपीलीय प्राधिकारी के समक्ष विचाराधीन स्थगन अर्जी एवं अपील को लागू नहीं होंगे।

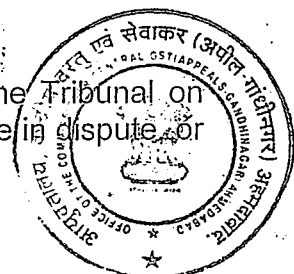
For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, it is mandatory to pre-deposit an amount specified under the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2014 (No. 25 of 2014) dated 06.08.2014, under section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944 which is also made applicable to Service Tax under section 83 of the Finance Act, 1994 provided the amount of pre-deposit payable would be subject to ceiling of Rs. Ten Crores, Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
- (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

→ Provided further that the provisions of this Section shall not apply to the stay application and appeals pending before any appellate authority prior to the commencement of the Finance (No.2) Act, 2014.

(6)(i) इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो माँग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

(6)(i) In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."



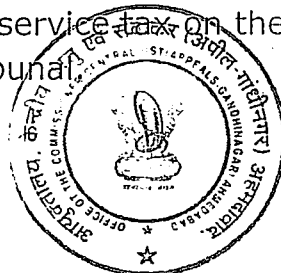
ORDER-IN-APPEAL

This order arises out of an appeal filed by M/s. Gujarat Apollo Ind Ltd, Ditasan, PO-Jagudan, State Highway, Distt. Mehsana (in short 'appellant') against Order-in-Original No.29/JC(KS)/2010 dated 28.9.2010 (in short 'impugned order') passed by the then Joint Commissioner, Central Excise, Ahmedabad-III (in short 'adjudicating authority').

2. During the course of Audit, it was noticed that in the month of December, 2009, the appellant availed Cenvat Credit of Rs. 25,23,022/- of GTA Service for outward transportation of goods for the period from April 2005 to December-2009. A Show Cause Notice dated 12.08.2010 was issued to the appellant. Adjudicating authority vide impugned order disallowed Cenvat Credit of Rs. 25,23,022/- wrongly availed on GTA Services for Outward Transportation and order for its recovery under the provisions of Rule 14 of the Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004 read with proviso of Section 11A(1) of the Central Excise Act, 1944 alongwith interest under Rule 14 of CCR,2004 read with Section 11AB of the Central Excise Act, 1944 and also imposed penalty of Rs. 5,00,000/- under the provisions of Rule 15 of CCR,2004.

3. Aggrieved with the impugned order, the appellant filed the present appeal wherein, inter alia, stated that:

- (i) Sale of pattern has not been taken in to account by the the adjudication authority.
- (ii) The adjudicating authority has ignored the Board's Circular No.97/8/2007-ST dtd.23.08.2007.
- (iii) The matter is settled by the Hon'ble Larger Bench of Tribunal in the case of ABB Ltd V/s. Commissioner of C.Ex & S.T.- 2009(15) S.T.R.23(Tri.L.B.).
- (iv) The appellant is also relied on the decision of the Hon'ble High Court of Mumbai in the case of Coca Cola India Pvt Ltd V/s. Commissioner of C.Ex, Pune-III 2009(15) S.T.R. 657(Bom.) and Hon'ble CESTAT Ahmedabad in he case of Mahindra Sar Transmission Pvt. Ltd V/s CCE-Rajkot-2010(250) E.L.T. 373(Tri.Ahmd).
- (v) Penalty imposed under Rule 15 is not sustainable as the appellant has availed the credit of service tax on the strength of decision of ABB Ltd. of Hon'ble Tribunal.

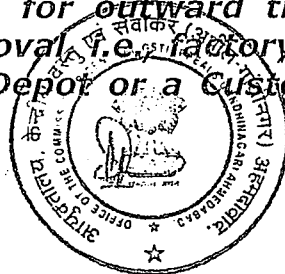


4. Personal hearing in the matter was held on 09.10.2018. CA Shri Gopal Singh Laddha, appeared on behalf of the appellant and reiterated the grounds of appeal and submitted citations of case law of Parth Poly Wooven Pvt Ltd, Vasavdatta Cement Limited etc.

5. I have carefully gone through the appeal memorandum, submissions made at the time of personal hearing and evidences available on records. I find that the main issue to be decided is whether the appellant is entitled to Cenvat credit of service tax paid on Outward Freight services availed on direct sale from the factory gate i.e. beyond the 'place of removal' or otherwise during the relevant period. The period covered in the present appeal is from **April 2005 to December-2009**. Accordingly, I proceed to decide the case on merits.

6. In this regard, I find that the issue involved was already settled by the Hon'ble CESTAT, Chennai Larger Bench in the case of ABB Ltd. Vs. CCE & ST, Bangalore [2009(15) STR-23(Tri.LB)]. However, in the appeal before the High Court of Karnataka by the deptt against the said judgment of the CESTAT, the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka upheld the decision of the Larger Bench of the Tribunal. As against this order of the High Court of Karnataka, the department filed Civil Application No.11402/2016 against ABB Ltd. before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India. This civil application was tagged with Civil Appeal No.11710/2016 filed by CCE, Belgaum Vs. M/s. Vasavadatta Cements Ltd. The Hon'ble Supreme Court of India vide judgment dated 18.01.2018 [reported in 2018(11) GSTL-3 (SC)] on the subject matter has categorically discussed the words and phrase "from the place of removal" as it stood in the definition of 'input service' in Rule 2(l) ibid prior to amendment w.e.f. 01.04.2008 and held as under:

"Cenvat credit - Input services - GTA services - Outward Transportation of manufactured product - Place of removal - Definition of input services as it existed prior to amendment in 2008, included term "from place of removal" - Certainly it has to be upto a certain point - Thus GTA services used for outward transportation of goods from place of removal i.e. factory gate up to first point of delivery viz. a Depot or a Customer's premises



covered under input services - However, post 1-4-2008 amendment, said term having been substituted by term "upto the place of removal", credit beyond such place not admissible - There being no error in concurrent orders of CESTAT Larger Bench and High Court, impugned order sustainable - Rule 2(I) of Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004. [paras 5, 6, 7, 8]"

Following the ratio of this judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, I hold that the appellant is eligible for availing Cenvat credit of service tax paid on the Outward Freight in case of direct sale from the factory gate and accordingly allow the appeal filed by the appellant with consequential relief, if any, for the period covered prior to 01.04.2008. Consequently, to this extent the demand and interest confirmed and penalty imposed vide impugned order is set-aside.

7. As regards the period post 01.04.2008 and upto December-2009, I find that the appellant is not eligible for availing Cenvat credit of service tax paid on the Outward Freight for the period covered post 01.04.2008 and upto December-2009 as per aforesaid judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India dated 18.01.2018 in the case of ABB Ltd. Vs. CCE & ST, Bangalore. As per the amendment done in the CCR, 2004 w.e.f. 01.04.2008 vide Notification No. 10/2008CE(NT) dated 01.03.2008 the aforesaid expression "**from the place of removal**" is substituted by "**upto the place of removal**". Thus from 01.04.2008, with the aforesaid amendment, the cenvat credit is available only upto the place of removal whereas as per the amended Rule from the place of removal.

8. I further find in Grounds of Appeal submitted by the appellant that they are engaged in manufacture of Road Construction Equipment and the same is sold to the contractor. As stated in the Grounds of Appeal, the equipment **price fixed for ex-factory gate** and Ex-factory gate price means, the price at the factory, and does not include any other charges, such as delivery or subsequent taxes. The appellant has to arrange the transportation for the equipment from factory to the site of the contractors. The appellant has paid the freight which is recovered from the buyers. It is very clear that price of transportation is not included in the cost of goods, hence there is no doubt that the **sale point is factory gate** only.



9. Hence, I hold that the appellant is not eligible for availing Cenvat credit of service tax paid on the Outward Freight for the period post 01.04.2008 and upto December-2009 and accordingly reject the appeal filed by the appellant for the said period.

10. अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।
The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed of in above terms.

उमा शंकर

(उमा शंकर)

केन्द्रीय कर आयुक्त (अपील्स)

Attested:

(B.A. Patel)
Supdt. (Appeals)
Central GST, Ahmedabad.



BY SPEED POST TO:

M/s. Gujarat Apollo Ind Ltd,
Ditasan, PO-Jagudan, State Highway,
Distt. Mehsana.

Copy to:-

- (1) The Chief Commissioner, CGST, Ahmedabad Zone.
- (2) The Commissioner, CGST, Gandhinagar (RRA Section).
- (3) The Joint Commissioner, CGST, Gandhinagar.
- (4) The Asstt. Commissioner, CGST, Division Mehsana.
- (5) The Asstt. Commr (System), CGST, Gandhinagar.
(for uploading OIA on website)
- (6) Guard file
- (7) P.A. file.

